

**GLOSSARY: KEY PCOR TERMINOLOGY**

Term	Definition
<b>Types of Research</b>	
Outcomes Research	A branch of research that aims to understand the end results, or outcomes, of healthcare practices and interventions
Patient-Centered Outcomes Research (PCOR)	Research that enables patients and their caregivers to make informed healthcare decisions by studying the outcomes that patients want to know about
Comparative Effectiveness Research (CER)	<p>An applied form of research that makes direct comparisons between existing healthcare options, often to determine which options works best for which patient</p> <p>Example: Comparing different types of diabetes management strategies for low-income, rural adults</p>
Community-Based Participatory Research (CBPR)	<p>A partnership approach to research that creates an environment in which community members, researchers, and organizational representatives share in decision making and contribute their unique expertise to the research process</p> <p>Example: Involving community and regional stakeholders to identify the concerns and priorities of a community when implementing a cervical cancer screening program</p> <p>Sample Paper- Maghboeba Mosavel, Christian Simon, Debbie van Stade, Mara Buchbinder, Community-based participatory research (CBPR) in South Africa: Engaging multiple constituents to shape the research question, In Social Science &amp; Medicine, Volume 61, Issue 12, 2005, Pages 2577-2587, ISSN 0277-9536,</p>
<b>Research Concepts</b>	
Patient-Centered	A methodological approach that aims to address the questions that are important to patients, caregivers, and other healthcare stakeholders
Health Disparities	<p>Differences in disease rates or access to healthcare or health services between groups of people</p> <p>Example: Mortality rates from heart disease are higher among African Americans than in other racial or ethnic groups in the United States</p>

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Community Health	A field of study which focuses on protecting and improving the health status of a community
Patient-Centeredness	An ideology that encompasses qualities of compassion, empathy, and responsiveness to the needs, values, and expressed preferences of the individual patient
Social Determinants of Health	The conditions in which people are born, live, learn, work, play, worship, and age that affect a person's health, functioning, and quality-of-life
Research Involvement	
Engagement in Research	Meaningful and purposeful involvement of patients, caregivers, clinicians, and other healthcare stakeholders throughout the research process
Patient Partner	Patients, family members, caregivers, and organizations that are representative of the population of interest in a particular study that serve as members of the research team and are involved in the planning, conduct, and dissemination of research.
Patient Subject	The patients that are enrolled in the study as participants
Stakeholders	
Healthcare stakeholders	A broad term encompassing any individual or group that is invested in the success of the healthcare system, such as a patient, caretaker, clinician, or researcher
Patient	A person with current or past illness or injury. May also include family members or other unpaid caregivers of patients, or members of advocacy organizations that represent patients or caregivers
Clinician	A provider of healthcare in a clinical setting, including physicians, nurses, pharmacists, mental healthcare providers, and complementary and alternative healthcare providers